

THE POCHE RECORD

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Lodge Notices

POCCHER LODGE NO. 22, I. O. O. F. Meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock in I. O. O. F. Building on Main St.
C. D. Marriage, Noble Grand; Frank Walker, Secretary.

ST. JOHN LODGE NO. 18, F. A. M. Meets at Masonic Hall, LaCour St., on the second Saturday of each month at 8 p. m.
R. R. Orr, Worshipful Master; C. A. Thompson, Secretary.

MIRIAM REBEKAH LODGE NO. 23, P. O. E. Meets every Thursday at 7:30 p. m. at the second Saturday of each month at 8 p. m. All visiting brothers and sisters are cordially invited to attend. Amy Devlin, Noble Grand; Mrs. Ethel Middleton, Secretary.

WESLEYAN CHAPTER, O. E. S. LODGE Meets every Wednesday at 8:30 p. m. at the second Saturday of each month at 8 p. m. All visiting members are cordially invited to attend. Mary Christian, Worthy Matron; Maggie Campbell, Secretary.

Professional Cards

A. L. SCOTT
District Attorney Lincoln County.
Mining Specialist.
Pocche, Nevada.

A. A. Hinman C. D. Broeze
BREKEE & HINMAN
Attorneys and Counselors
Las Vegas, Nevada.

McNAMEE & McNAMEE
Attorneys at Law.
Las Vegas, Nev.
131-33 Pac. Elec. Bldg., Los Angeles

SARAH IMBERSTEG
Attorney at Law.
Office in Riding Bldg.,
Caliente, Nevada.

H. E. FREUDENTHAL
Notary Public.
Pocche, Nevada.

GEORGE W. FRANKS
Insurance Your Home in the Leading
Companies. Notary Public.
Pocche, Nevada.

DR. J. H. HASTINGS
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat.
GLASSES FITTED.
Pocche, Nevada.

DR. J. WEST SMITH,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Assistant Surgeon Salt Lake Route.
Caliente, Nevada.

Mining Directory

HYBLA MINING COMPANY
OF NEVADA
Incorporated under the laws of Nevada.

Capitalization 1,000,000 shares, par value 10 cents.
Principal office, Pocche, Nevada.
Location of property, Comet district, Lincoln County, Nevada.
Property consists of thirteen claims, comprising 250 acres.
Officers and Directors: Charles A. Braun, President; Wm. Herbert Derbyshire, Jr., Vice-President; George J. Adams, Secretary-Treasurer; Arthur Reall, Oliver W. Hopkinson, Directors; Arthur Reall, Manager; Tom McCormack, Superintendent.

BLACK METAL MINES, INC.
Incorporated under the laws of the State of Nevada.

Capitalization 990,000 shares. Par value 10 cents per share.
Principal office, 516 Felt Building, Salt Lake City, Utah.
Location of property, Jackrabbit, Pocche Mining District, Nevada.

Property consists of fourteen claims.
Officers and Directors: W. F. Snyder, President; Chas. Read, Vice-President; M. L. Bartlett, Secretary; E. H. Snyder, H. H. Fields, Geo. F. Schreiber, Directors; Geo. W. Snyder, Manager.

VIRGINIA LOUISE MINING COMPANY

Incorporated under the laws of the State of Nevada.

Capitalization one million dollars, divided into one million shares, par value one dollar each.
Principal office, Pocche, Nevada.
Transfer office, 1203 Hibernian Bldg., Los Angeles, Cal.
Location of mine, Ely Mining District, Lincoln County, Nevada.

Officers and Directors: Chas. Lee Horsey, President and Director; Alexander Lloyd, Vice-President and Director; J. D. Thomson, Director; Chas. A. Thompson, Secretary and Treasurer; L. G. Gillett, Superintendent.

PRINCE CONSOLIDATED MINING AND SMELTING COMPANY

Incorporated under the laws of Nevada.

Capitalization, one million shares, two dollars each.
Principal office, Salt Lake City, Utah.
Location of property, Ely Mining District, Lincoln County, Nevada.
Twenty claims.

Officers: A. H. Godbe, President; George F. Wason, Vice-President; W. E. McCormick, Treasurer; M. C. Godbe, Secretary and General Manager; D. L. Wertheimer, additional Director; J. H. Redden, Superintendent; A. L. Scott, Resident Agent.

Pocche Assay Office

PRICES:
Gold, Silver and Lead \$1.00
Silver and Copper 1.50
Silver only 1.00
Complete Analysis 5.00
5 per cent Discount on Accounts over \$25.00 per month.
10 per cent Discount on Accounts over \$50.00 per month.

ONE SHIPMENTS HANDLED.

E. C. D. MARRIAGE

MANAGER

Henry Bowling

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER.

Estimates Made on All Kinds of Work.

POCCHER, NEVADA.

MIGHT BE "PUSSY'S" COUSIN

Though Civet Cat Makes Its Home in the Open, and Is Larger Than House Cat.

Ever meet a bassarisk? No, not a bassarisk; that is something different. A bassarisk is a cacomistis. But the animal is better known as the "civet cat"—though why so called nobody knows, inasmuch as it is not a civet and not a cat.

It is a strange little creature, related to the raccoon, with a very long bushy tail ringed in black and white. Sometimes it is called a "ring-tailed cat" and sometimes a "cat squirrel"—the latter designation bestowed on account of its squirrel-like habit of climbing trees and nesting in hollow branches.

Like a cat, it catches rats, mice and small birds. It is about 16 inches long, not counting the tail, which measures another 16 inches. In color it is brownish gray. It is a night prowler, like a cat, and often makes its home in outbuildings and deserted ranch houses.

The civet cat ranges from Mexico and Texas to California and as far north as southern Oregon. Occasionally it is kept in captivity, making an attractive and interesting pet.

Details Carried to Absurdity.

Trivial details not infrequently become the pivot of momentous decisions, in which cases an element of absurdity is supplied by the breadth of the contrast. A case in point arises in the discussion among English literateurs concerning Shakespeare's alleged "hand" in the play of "Sir Thomas More," in which one expert occupies almost a column of small type in the literary supplement of the Times of London in describing the construction of the letter B as found in one of Shakespeare's autographic documents. The imposing array of warlike and nautical terms in the modest letter, such as keel, baseline, ram, forelimb and boundary line, may astonish many who have been accustomed to form it with comparative ease, while the division of the letter into sections and subsections by this savant for purposes of discussion endows the old scrivener's art with unexpected dignity.

Matter of Priority.

While the people of Denmark are glorying in the antiquity of their national flag, the "Dannebrog," which claims the honor of seniority among all the national flags, and are commemorating its origin in the thirteenth century, Belgian and German patriots are scouring the Middle Ages on a mission of vital import to their respective flags. The new German state has given indications of adopting for its colors black, yellow and red, disposed horizontally. This has aroused protests in Belgium, which claims priority in precisely the same colors, similarly disposed, and patriotic societies are said to be forming to take action to prevent Germany's adoption of them. The Belgian claims are based on the colors of the princes of Flanders and Brabant in the thirteenth century, while the German case is said to rest on the use of the colors in question by the ancient Germanic empire.

New French Roads.

French dispatches recently stated that the entire road construction program there will cost nearly two billion francs, which it is estimated by Mr. Badoulet, budget reporter, will give France a road system superior to that before the war. One hundred and seventy-six million francs have been allocated to road repairs in the invaded regions.

Huge Hailstones.

There are numerous well-authenticated cases of hailstones weighing half a pound and more, but claims which go far beyond this meager weight are made. Stones of six to eight pounds are said to have fallen in Namur in 1719, and the missionary, Father Hue, who ought to be a credible witness, records the fall in Tartary in 1843 of a block of ice as big as a millstone, which took three days to melt. In May, 1802, a Hungarian village reported an 1,100-pound block, requiring eight men to move it, and in Tippeco's time one as big as an elephant was said to have fallen near Serapatam. These are "same" hailstones.

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RED TAPE FINALLY UNWOUND

For a Time It Had Sgt. Hayes Tied Up, But He Came Out a Lieutenant.

Once upon a time there was a man who "died" his employees that he might have the pleasure of hiring them over again. That would seem to be somewhat the way with the marine corps. It "dies" its men that the government may do them special honor.

Sgt. Edgar Hayes, a red-blooded patriot of the marine corps, overheard an asperser upon the uniform of his service. Sergeant Hayes promptly hit the speaker in the nose. The marine corps sat upon his case in solemn court-martial, and after much deliberation dismissed Sergeant Hayes from the service, thus creating civil disabilities. The case later was reviewed by the president, who pardoned Hayes and restored him to citizenship. Hayes has now been restored to the service and created a first lieutenant, an act of congress having empowered the president to make the appointment.

It is a roundabout way of doing a man honor. And it shows something wrong with the system. We wonder what the dignified gentlemen of the court-martial would have done if it had been proved that Sergeant Hayes, now Lieutenant Hayes, having overheard an asperser upon his honorable service, had condoned it by inaction.—Cincinnati Times-Star.

Lumber Cut of 1918.

The lumber cut of the United States in 1918 was 29,362,020,000 feet, as reported to the forest service up to June 15 by 14,753 mills. The complete total cut is 31,890,454,000 feet, based on the assumed operations of 22,546 mills. The computed cut in 1918 is 11 per cent smaller than the computed production in 1917.

A comparison of the computed cut of several of the larger general producing regions in 1918 with the figures for the preceding year shows a smaller output by approximately 20 per cent in the yellow-pine group of states, a decrease of 10 per cent in the North Carolina pine group and of 9 per cent in the Lake states. An increased cut of 2 per cent is noted for Oregon and Washington.

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REALLY OF ENGLISH ORIGIN

Punishment by Tarring and Feathering First Instituted by King Richard Many Centuries Ago.

Throughout the English-speaking world there seems to be a widespread impression that the punishment of tar and feathers is something peculiarly American and that the practice originated with and is confined to mobs in the wilder or more remote sections of the United States. But the practice did not begin in America and is, in fact, English in origin.

The first known use of tar and feathers was in the British navy 700 years ago. It is on record that in 1189 Richard of the Lion Heart, when about to start on the Third crusade, ordered that such of his sailors as were found guilty of theft should be covered with "boiling pitch" and feathers or down be then strewn upon them.

This ancient employment of boiling pitch of course meant death, while the modern application of pitch heated only enough to run and smear is not necessarily fatal. The modern American practice is, therefore, a more merciful adaptation of an ancient British substitute for the usual hanging of a thief.

Origin of the "Foolscap."

The fact that the British government, on economy bent, has discontinued the use of foolscap paper for official correspondence, has called forth a mild discussion as to the origin of the name. Most authorities are agreed that it is due to the watermark, fool's cap, with which this size of paper was adorned, but when it comes to the question of who first introduced it authorities differ. Some say it comes from Germany, and point to the fact that German paper, bearing a foolscap watermark, and dating from 1479, was exhibited in 1871. Others credit the claims of Sir John Spielman, who had paper mills at Dartford toward the close of the sixteenth century. And yet others lay it all to an order made by the rum, parliament which enjoined that the royal arms in the watermark be removed from the official paper of the house, and "a fool's cap and bells be substituted."

GENERAL FARM NOTES

Poor seed means a poor crop.

Dry straw makes satisfactory bedding.

Feed never was so valuable—save it now!

Farmers should sow the usual acreage of wheat.

Too many fence corners serve as "sheds" for our valuable farm tools.

It matters very little how much land one farms, provided he farms well what he has.

Do not pile the manure outside this winter for it to leach away, but put it under a shed at least.

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POULTRY NOTES

It is estimated that five chickens will yield a pound of feathers.

The Runner duck is not inclined to fatten so readily as other varieties.

Given the same care and feed, pure-bred fowls make a greater profit than mongrels.

The goose is the great "Christmas bird" and brings best prices around holiday time.

In preparing for winter egg production a supply of succulent green feed should not be overlooked.

Poultry houses need ventilation, plenty of it, but arrangements should be made to prevent draughts.

With turkeys it does not pay to keep too old or too young breeding stock. Never keep more than 12 hens with one male.

FOR SALE.
Typewriter ribbons for all makes of machines at the Record office, 11 each, mailed to any address.

Notice of Application for Permission to Appropriation of the Public Waters of the State of Nevada. Application No. 5957.

Notice is hereby given that on the 23rd day of January, 1920, in accordance with Section 59, Chapter 140, of the Statutes of 1913, one Gustav A. Schmidt, of Elgin, County of Lincoln, and State of Nevada, made application to the State Engineer of Nevada for permission to appropriate the public waters of the State of Nevada, made from Meadow Valley Wash, at a point thirty-three feet west of the northeast corner of Sec. 27, T. 9 S., R. 67 E., M. D. B. & M., by means of a ditch, and one cubic foot per second is to be conveyed to part of SE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ Sec. 27, T. 9 S., R. 67 E., by means of a ditch, and there used for irrigation, domestic and stock watering purposes, from January until December of each year. Water not to be returned to stream. Signed: J. G. SCRUGHAM, State Engineer. First pub. Jan. 30; last Feb. 27, 1920.

Notice of Application for Permission to Appropriation of the Public Waters of the State of Nevada. Application No. 5952.

Notice is hereby given that on the 8th day of December, 1919, in accordance with Section 59, Chapter 140, of the Statutes of 1913, W. J. Schofield, W. U. Schofield and M. F. Schofield, of Alamo, County of Lincoln, and State of Nevada, made application to the State Engineer of Nevada for permission to appropriate the public waters of the State of Nevada. Such appropriation is to be made from Willow Spring, at a point in the SE $\frac{1}{4}$ of SE $\frac{1}{4}$ Sec. 35, T. 1 N., R. 60 E., M. D. B. & M., by means of a dam, and five acre feet is to be conveyed to NW $\frac{1}{4}$ of SE $\frac{1}{4}$ Sec. 11, T. 1 N., R. 59 E., M. D. B. & M., by means of a reservoir, and there used for stock watering purposes. Water not to be returned to stream. Signed: J. G. SCRUGHAM, State Engineer. First pub. Jan. 30; last Feb. 27, 1920.

Notice of Application for Permission to Appropriation of the Public Waters of the State of Nevada. Application No. 5933.

Notice is hereby given that on the 8th day of December, 1919, in accordance with Section 59, Chapter 140, of the Statutes of 1913, W. J. Schofield, W. U. Schofield and M. F. Schofield